

# ENGLISH ALPHABET

## Formato:

Letra-(Sonido de letra) “Palabra en Ingles que incluye la letra” [pronunciación de la palabra]

<b>A</b> - (ey)	“gate”	[gueyt];	(a)	“attic”	[átik]
<b>B</b> - (b)	“bedroom”	[bedrum]			
<b>C</b> - (c)	“cement”	[cement];	(k)	“balcony”	[bálcony]
<b>D</b> - (d)	“deck”	[dek]			
<b>E</b> - (i)	“evacuation”	[ivacueishon];	(e)	“electric”	[elétric]
<b>F</b> - (f)	“fence”	[fens]			
<b>G</b> - (g)	“garden”	[garden];	(sh)	“garage”	[garash]
<b>H</b> - (j)	“house”	[jaus]			
<b>I</b> - (Vai)	“iron”	[ai-orn];	(i)	“inform”	[inforM]
<b>J</b> - (ll)	“joint”	[yoint]			
<b>K</b> - (k)	“kitchen”	[kit-chen]			
<b>L</b> - (l)	“lawn”	[laun]			
<b>M</b> - (m)	“metal”	[metal]			
<b>N</b> - (n)	“nail”	[neil]			
<b>O</b> - (o)	“oppose”	[opous]	(u)	“pool”	puul
<b>P</b> - (p)	“plot”	[plot]			
<b>Q</b> - (qu)	“quickly”	[cuikli]			
<b>R</b> - (r)	“roof”	[ruf]			
<b>S</b> - (s)	“sand”	[seand]			
<b>T</b> - (t)	“technique”	[tecnic]			
<b>U</b> - (u)	“use”	[iuss];	(a)	“up”	[ap]
<b>V</b> - (v)	“valve”	[valv]			
<b>W</b> - (w)	“water”	[uater]			
<b>X</b> - (x)	“extra”	[extra]			
<b>Y</b> - (i)	“yard”	[iaard]			
<b>Z</b> - (z)	“zone”	[soun]			

# ALFABETO EN ESPAÑOL

## Format:

Letter- (letter pronunciation) “Spanish word including the letter” [Word pronunciation]

<b>A</b> - (ah)	“agrimensor”	[ah-gree-men-SOR]
<b>B</b> - (beh)	“balcón”	[bal-CON]
<b>C</b> - (ceh)	“cerco”	[SER-coh]; (k) “casa” [KA-sah]
<b>CH</b> (cheh)“	“charco”	[CHAR-coh]
<b>D</b> - (deh)	“desnivel”	[des-nee-VEL]
<b>E</b> - (eh)	“eléctrico”	[eh-LEK-tree-coh]
<b>F</b> - (f)	“faja”	[FA-ha]
<b>G</b> - (he)	“gestión”	[hes-tee-ON]; (g) “gustar” [goo-STAR]
<b>H</b> - (silent)	“hueco”	[u-EH-coh]
<b>I</b> - (e)	“industria”	[en-DUS-tree-ah]
<b>J</b> - (h)	“jardín”	[har-DIN]
<b>K</b> - (k)	“kilo”	[KEY-loh]
<b>L</b> - (l)	“lima”	[LEE-mah]
<b>LL</b> - (y)	“llave”	[ya-veh]
<b>M</b> - (m)	“mesa”	[MEH-sah]
<b>N</b> - (n)	“nivel”	[nee-VEL]
<b>Ñ</b> - (en-yey)	“sueño”	[su-EHN-yo]
<b>O</b> - (oh)	“orden”	[OR-den]
<b>P</b> - (p)	“pala”	[PAH-lah]
<b>Q</b> - (ku)	“esquina”	[ehs-KEY-nah]
<b>R</b> - (eh-reh)	“reja”	[RREH-ha] (r) “armar” [are-MAR]
<b>RR</b> - (er-ray)	“Cerrar”	[Cer-rarh]
<b>S</b> - (s)	“silla”	[SEE-yah]
<b>T</b> - (t)	“techo”	[Teh-choh]
<b>U</b> - (oo)	“uno”	[OO-no]
<b>V</b> - (v)	“viento”	[vee-N-toh]
<b>W</b> - (w)	“wat”	[wh-AT]
<b>X</b> - (x)	“examinar”	[ex-ah-mee-NAR]
<b>Y</b> - (e)	“hay”	[AH-e] (y) “mayor” [my-YOUR]
<b>Z</b> - (z)	“zona”	[SOH-nah]

# NUMBERS

Nota: En países que hablan Inglés una coma (,) es usado para separar tres dígitos y un punto (.) es usada para indicar un decimal.

Por ejemplo: 2,000.51 Inglés = 2.000,51 Español

Número-	“número escrito”	[pronunciación del número ]
0	“zero”	[sirou]
1	“one”	[uan]
2	“two”	[chú]
3	“three”	[zri]
4	“four”	[for]
5	“five”	[faiv]
6	“six”	[six]
7	“seven”	[seven]
8	“eight”	[eit]
9	“nine”	[nain]
10	“ten”	[ten]
11	“eleven”	[ileven]
12	“twelve”	[tuelf]
13	“thirteen”	[zertín]
14	“fourteen”	[fortín]
15	“fifteen”	[fiftín]
16	“sixteen”	[sixtín]
17	“seventeen”	[seventín]
18	“eighteen”	[eitín]
19	“nineteen”	[naintín]
20	“twenty”	[tuenti]
21	“twenty-one”	[tuentiuán]
22	“twenty-two”	[tuentitú]

Número-	“número escrito”	[pronunciación del número]
23	“twenty-three”	[tuentizrí]
24	“twenty-four”	[tuentifor]
25	“twenty-five”	[tuentifaiv]
26	“twenty-six”	[tuentisix]
27	“twenty-seven”	[tuentiseven]
28	“twenty-eight”	[tuentieit]
29	“twenty-nine”	[tuentinain]
30	“thirty”	[zerti]
31	“thirty-one”	[zertiúan]
40	“forty”	[forti]
50	“fifty”	[fifti]
60	“sixty”	[sixti]
70	“seventy”	[seventi]
80	“eighty”	[eiti]
90	“ninety”	[nainti]
100	“one hundred”	[uán jandrid]
101	“one hundred and one”	[uán jandrid and uán]
200	“two hundred”	[chú jandrid]
300	“three hundred”	[zri jandrid]
1,000	“one thousand”	[uán zausend]
1,100	“one thousand one hundred”	[uán zausend uán jandrid]
2,000	“two thousand”	[tu zausend]
10,000	“ten thousand”	[ten zausend]
100,000	“one hundred thousand”	[uán jandrid zausend]
1,000,000	“one million”	[uán milion]

# NÚMEROS

Note: In most Spanish-speaking countries a period (.) is used to separate three digits and a comma (,) is used to indicate a decimal. For Example: 2,000 English = 2.000 Spanish

Number..... “number spelling” .....[number pronunciation]

- 0..... “cero” ..... [say- ro]  
1..... “uno” ..... [oo-no]  
2..... “dos” ..... [dose]  
3..... “tres” ..... [trace]  
4..... “cuatro” ..... [kwat-ro]  
5..... “cinco” ..... [sink-o]  
6..... “seis” ..... [saze]  
7..... “siete” ..... [see-yet-eh]  
8..... “ocho” ..... [ocho]  
9..... “nueve” ..... [new-eh-veh]  
10..... “diez” ..... [dee-ace]  
11..... “once” ..... [ohn-say]  
12..... “doce” ..... [dos-say]  
13..... “trece” ..... [treh-say]  
14..... “catorce” ..... [ca-tor-say]  
15..... “quince” ..... [keen-say]  
16..... “dieciseis” ..... [dee-ay-see-saze]  
17..... “diecisiete” ..... [dee-ay-see-see-ay-teh]  
18..... “dieciocho” ..... [dee-ay-see-och-o]  
19..... “diecinueve” ..... [dee-ay-see-new-eh-veh]  
20..... “veinte” ..... [vehn- teh]  
21..... “veintiuno” ..... [veh-teh-oo-no]  
22..... “veintidós” ..... [veh-teh-dos]

Number.....	“number spelling” .....	[number pronunciation]
23.....	“veintitrés” .....	[veh-teh-trace]
24.....	“veinticuatro” .....	[veh-teh-kwat-ro]
25.....	“veinticinco” .....	[veh- teh-sink-o]
26.....	“veintiseis” .....	[veh-teh-saze]
27.....	“veintisiete” .....	[veh-teh-see-ay-tay]
28.....	“veintiocho” .....	[veh-teh-och-o]
29.....	“veintinueve.....	[veh-teh-new-eh-veh]
30.....	“treinta” .....	[treh-tah]
31.....	“treinta y uno” .....	[treh-tah ee oo-no]
40.....	“cuarenta” .....	[kwar-en-tah]
50.....	“cincuenta” .....	[sink-kwen-tah]
60.....	“sesenta” .....	[seh-sin-tah]
70.....	“setenta” .....	[seh-tehn-tah]
80 .....	“ochenta” .....	[o-chen-tah]
90.....	“noventa” .....	[no- vehn-tah]
100.....	“cien” .....	[see-en]
101 .....	“ciento uno” .....	[see-en-toh oo-no]
200 .....	“doscientos” .....	[dohs-see-ehn-tohs]
300 .....	“trescientos” .....	[trace-see-ehn-tohs]
1,000 .....	“mil” .....	[meel]
1.100.....	“mil cien” .....	[meel see-en]
2.000 .....	“zdos mil” .....	[dose meel]
10.000.....	“diez mil” .....	[dee-ace meel]
100.000 .....	“cien mil” .....	[see-en meel]
1.000.000 .....	“un millón” .....	[oon-meel-yohn]